

GENERAL MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—Closed: Apr. 57½¢; May 57½¢; July, 60½¢.
CORN—Closed: April, 38¢; May, 38½¢; July, 39½¢.
OATS—Closed: April, 32¢; May, 32½¢; July, 33¢.
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork closed: April, 112½¢; May, 113½¢; July, 115½¢. Lard—Closed: April, 57½¢; May, 57½¢; July, 57½¢.
CATTLE—Quotations range from \$4.20 to 4.70 for good to choice cattle; \$3.50 to 4.15 for good shipping steers; \$3.25 to 3.60 common to fair steers.
HOGS—Sales ranged from \$5.10 to \$5.30 for light; \$5.30 to \$5.35 for heavy.
SHEEP—Quotations range from \$3.00 to 4.45 for Western; \$4.00 to 4.50 for natives and \$3.50 to 4.00 for lambs.
WOOL—Quotations as follows:
 Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana and Eastern Iowa.
 Course Tub.....22a2c
 Medium Tub.....26a38c
 Fine unwashed.....13a15c
 Medium unwashed.....17a19c
 Coarse washed.....17a19c
 Nebraska, Dakota, Minnesota, Kansas and Western Iowa.
 Fine unwashed.....9a11c
 Medium unwashed.....13a15c
 Coarse unwashed.....10a13c

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent; closed offer at 1 per cent.
 Sterling exchange quiet and easy at 48½¢ for 60 day bills, and 48½¢ for demand.
 Government bonds—Closing quotations 4's, coupons, 114.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

WHEAT—Closing prices for No. 2 red, April, 61½¢; May, 61½¢.
CORN—Closed for No. 2, April, 43½¢; May, 43½¢.
OATS—Market closed for Mixed Western 39½¢; White do, 45¢.

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—No. 2, spring, 58¢.
CORN—No. 3, 39½¢.
OATS—No. 2, White, 35½¢.

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—Cash, 54¢; May, 53½¢.
CORN—Cash, 37½¢; May, 37¢.
OATS—Cash, 33¢; May, 32½¢.
PROVISIONS—Pork, \$13.12½; Lard, \$7.70.

LATE NEWS.

The bill to repeal the Irish coercion act passed second reading in the British house of commons.

It is said Gen. Weaver will move from Iowa to Beloit, Kan., and become a candidate for congress.

The American tug Grace was captured while fishing in Canadian waters. Her crew are in custody.

The law placing a tax on inheritances was declared unconstitutional by the Michigan Supreme court.

Senator Vance's remains were followed to the grave at Asheville, N. C., by a concourse of 10,000 people.

The Union Pacific-Western Association fight over immigrant business is likely to become one of endurance.

Madeline Pollard declares she will not go on the stage, but will live in Washington and write for a livelihood.

All the employees of the Great Northern at Minneapolis were ordered out and the eastern end of the road is now tied up.

One of three negroes who killed a striking miner near Weir City, Kan., was taken from officers by a mob and lynched.

Investigation of the Davidson Theater fire at Milwaukee resulted in a verdict that no one was to blame for the loss of life.

In 1893 \$10,000,000 was received in premiums by life insurance companies in Illinois, while losses of \$3,051,372 were paid.

In a talk at New York Rear Admiral Benham told how he made the Brazilian rebel, Da Gama, respect the American flag.

Striking dyers and weavers in Paterson, N. J., attacked the men who had taken their places and one is said to have been killed.

Brazilian torpedo boats are said to have sunk the Aquidaban, formerly Admiral Nello's flagship, off the island of Santa Catharina.

Nicaragua is said to have seized an American mail boat and to have sold the property of the Nicaragua Canal Company for debt.

A match falling into a keg of powder caused an explosion which wrecked a country store near Sullivan, Ind., and injured three persons.

It is denied that the decree prohibiting diplomatic representatives of France from marrying without consent was aimed at American women.

In the event that the Indian supply warehouses are removed to Chicago, New York merchants threaten to refuse to bid on furnishing supplies.

The industrial army at Seattle, Wash., now has 940 recruits enrolled in ten companies, and expect to make a start for Washington this week.

Explorers have verified the discovery of a deserted city in the mountains near Durango, Mexico. Its population must have been 25,000 people.

G. S. N. Morton, acting governor of the State of Wyoming, died at Cheyenne. He served two terms in the legislative assembly of Pennsylvania.

Members of Frye's army of commonwealers at Warrenhurst, Ill., indulged in a general fight, in which several of them were stabbed and beaten.

A reconciliation is likely between Princess Colonna, "Bonanza" Mackay's daughter, and her husband, to escape whom she fled from Paris.

Three negroes charged with incendiaryism were taken from the jail at Tusculum, Ala., by a mob and hanged and their bodies riddled with bullets.

The Boston division of the commonweal army was scattered Sunday by a mob, which tore the banners to shreds and roughly handled the leaders.

The Chicago and West Michigan Railroad bridge over the sink hole in Lilly Lake, Laporte, Ind., went down again, carrying with it 150 feet of track.

Summerville, in Texas county, Mo., was struck by a cyclone. Mrs. Val M. Keppard and three children were killed. It is feared that other lives were lost.

Warrants for ten strikers who cut a Great Northern train at St. Cloud, Minn., have been issued and, if necessary, federal troops will aid in serving them.

Colonel A. C. Fiske, president of the Pan-American Bimetallic League at Denver, has decided to call a convention of the league at Washington for May 22.

In a collision between sheriff's officers and striking Polish laborers near Detroit, Mich., two of the latter were killed and

at least fifteen persons were wounded.

Robert Mitchell, a wealthy farmer of Mohaska county, Iowa, was buncoed out of \$5,000 by three-card monte. It was the old story, three sharps and one flat.

As a result of the contest with the Union Pacific an immigrant rate of \$15.10 between the Missouri and California has been agreed upon by western association lines.

Elbert B. Monroe, a member of the United States Board of Indian Commissioners, dropped dead at his home near Tarrytown, N. Y., from a stroke of apoplexy.

Twenty creditors of the Fostoria, O., Light and Power company proposed to ex-Secretary Foster to take the plant and assume the liabilities, which was expected.

J. M. Egan has resigned the presidency of the Chicago Great Western and will be succeeded by A. D. Stickney, chairman of the board of directors, and formerly president.

The Atchison has made a traffic agreement with the Mallory line of steamers and is now able to compete with the Southern Pacific for transcontinental business.

The American Glucose company has made the official announcement that twelve men died in the fire that burned the works at Buffalo. Others are believed to be in the ruins.

United States marshals are arresting strikers at St. Cloud, Minn., for interfering with mail trains. Governor Nelson has threatened to use the militia to suppress further violence.

Michael Boland, one of the celebrated triangle of the Clan-na-Gael, died at his home in Kansas City Monday. He had been sick for three weeks, but his death was entirely unexpected.

The American Water Company's plant and property were sold at auction at Denver under order of court by Commissioner Sullivan for \$1,000,000, and the mortgage bond for \$10,000.

Seven hundred miners marched from Ironwood to Bessemer, Mich., and prevailed on the supervisors to bond the county to build roads that the unemployed may be given work.

Kelly's industrial army marched to Avoca, Iowa, Monday, where it met with a chilly reception. Company C, which had been dismissed for insubordination, was taken back into the fold.

Letters received in Zanzibar confirm the report that Tippoo's son, Saif, and many Zanzibar Arabs were killed recently by the Belgians. In a fight which took place in the Upper Congo district.

For paying too much attention to a woman not his wife George Kelm, of Deshler, O., was nearly hanged by a mob, while the obnoxious female was drenched with water and driven out of town.

The steamer Los Angeles ran on the rocks at Point Sur lighthouse, thirty miles south of Monterey, Cal., and sank within a few minutes. All but four of the passengers escaped in the boats.

Gen. Coxy, when interviewed regarding the proclamation issued by the district commissioner in Washington barring out his army said: "We do not want to use force, but we shall insist upon our rights."

William E. Barr, Jr., ex-cashier of the St. Louis National Bank, who was alleged to have embezzled from the bank \$30,000 of its funds, has made within the last week cash settlements of all his financial obligations.

Professor Charles Forster Smith, professor of Greek at Vanderbilt University, Nashville, has accepted the professorship of Greek offered him by the University of Wisconsin, and will go there at the close of this term.

Another international monetary conference—this time, perhaps, to be held in the city of Mexico—is among the probabilities. The Mexican government, through its diplomatic representatives, is quietly pressing the matter.

An attempt is being made to secure signatures to the petition to open saloons in Des Moines, Iowa, under the new malt tax law. It will take 5,000 signatures to secure the operation of the law and 2,000 have already been secured.

The Eldora, Iowa, Produce company has failed. The firm did an immense business in the wholesale shipping of butter, eggs and poultry. It is supposed the main cause of the failure was a large loss sustained in dressed poultry sent to eastern markets.

Rev. William Walton Rutherford, formerly assistant rector of St. Ignatius Protestant Episcopal Church, New York, said to be, with one exception, the wealthiest priest of the Episcopal faith in America, has been forced by Bishop Potter to resign.

Judge Kopenhaver arrived at Kansas City and voluntarily went to the county jail, to remain until he shall be discharged by the Circuit court on the charge of contempt for refusal to levy a tax to pay the St. Clair County bonds of the paper Neosa Railway.

Senator Vance, of North Carolina, died at his home in Washington Saturday night. He had been suffering for some time from paralysis and a complication of diseases, but the end was sudden and unexpected, as he was regaining his health and it was thought was on the road to recovery.

The important event which Emperor William was the first to announce at Coburg, namely, the betrothal of Grand Duke Nicholas, Carlovitz of Russia to the Princess Alix of Hesse, is looked upon as cementing the new entente between Russia and Germany, and as securing a prolonged period of European peace.

Warrants were issued by Judge Frost of Denver for the arrest of ex-Chief of Police Stone, ex-Lieut. Clay, and ex-Sergeants Tuttle and Newton on charges of storing dynamite in the city hall in violation of an ordinance. Mayor Van Horn was the complainant. The alleged crime was committed during the police war.

While workmen were drilling for an artesian well at Jacksonville, Ill., a strong flow of natural gas was struck at the depth of 100 feet. Some years ago thousands of dollars were spent in an effort to find gas, but the only result was a number of artesian wells, which have since contributed to the city's water supply.

According to the best information obtainable it does not appear at all probable that the coal miners in Illinois will participate in the general strike ordered by the Columbus (O.) convention. As a rule the miners of southern Illinois are not members of the state federation, and it is understood that the men are not disposed to go upon a strike at this time.

A troop of cavalry has been dispatched from Fort Reno to expel settlers who

have intruded on the Osage Indian reservation in Oklahoma. A new strip of territory, part of the Cheyenne lands, is to be opened within a year and about 1,500 "sooners" have squatted in the Osage lands adjoining to be prepared for the rush.

In Pennsylvania 50,000 miners quit work Saturday, of which 35,000 are in the Pittsburgh and adjoining districts. In the Pittsburgh district there are 120 mines and thirty more in the Clearfield or mountain district. In Indiana about 10,000 went out, and in West Virginia 5,000. In Illinois about 5,000 quit, though many refused to strike.

The struggle for the control of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan railway, which has been going on at Toledo, Ohio, in a stockholders' meeting for the last two days, culminated in a row in which financial magnates pushed and pummeled one another in approved style, but with no serious results except to their dignity and temper.

The combined industrial army of San Francisco and Oakland, numbering 350 men and four women, broke camp Monday morning and began their movement toward Washington. All had blankets and were warmly clothed. Two wagons with food and camp trappings brought up the rear. The leaders of the army believe that the Southern Pacific will soon give them a train.

Reports from Ohio during the last week are that crop prospects have materially improved. In spots considerable damage has been done by the cold snap, but this probably will be overcome. Recently the rains have been abundant. Most of places report indications of good crops, some 10 per cent and a few 25 per cent damage. Farm work is well advanced and the acreage heavy.

The result of the experiments of Jolich Takamine at the Manhattan distillery at Peoria, Ill., which was suppressed on the occasion of the annual meeting of the whisky trust, has been made public. The test was the most extensive yet made and the figures show a saving of 15 cents per bushel of grain, or 3 cents per proof gallon, with a still further saving in refining and finishing. The product is claimed to be much better and purer.

Fifteen million dollars are lying idle in the San Francisco commercial banks—money for which the bankers can find no use. This is said to be the largest surplus that has been known for many years and it is still growing. The banks do not like it, as they prefer to hold good interest-bearing securities instead of gold coin which does not pay rent for the vault it occupies. This money is offered for loan as low as 4 per cent on first-class security.

Chicago, through its Municipal Council, notified the tramping and ride-stealing commonwealers who propose to camp on the Lake-Front en route to Washington that they will not be allowed to enter the city. The Chief of Police was instructed to take all necessary measures to keep out the Kellyites, Coxeyites, and anti-workites of every description, and the railroads were requested to co-operate to the same end.

It is estimated that fully 30,000 men in Ohio of the United Mine Workers went on strike at noon Saturday. This number includes all the miners in the state with the exception of a few hundred. At a few small mines the owners have agreed to the demands of the men and thus averted a strike. No trouble is expected, as the leaders of the movement have taken every precaution for a peaceful contest. The miners claim to be prepared for a long struggle.

The revolutionary movement in Cuba seems now to have been far greater importance than the Spanish home authorities were at first willing to admit. The active revolutionary agents in this country, it has just been learned, were able to purchase arms and ammunition at New York and ship them away on a steamer without the Spanish consular authorities getting wind of it and landed them on Cuban soil and past the customs officials before their secret was revealed.

Train service was resumed on ever division of the Great Northern railway at noon Tuesday. Gov. Nelson wrote President Hill of the Great Northern company and President Debs of the American Railway union asking if the whole matter could not be submitted to arbitration. The decision was to submit the matter to three arbitrators, one to be from the strikers, one to be named by the company and the third to be selected by these or named by Judges Thomas and Nelson.

William H. Wilson, son and secretary of Chairman Wilson of the ways and means committee, is back after a month with his father in Mexico and Texas. He says Mr. Wilson, Sr., will start for the north in about two weeks, stopping at Asheville, N. C., for a time, and then go to Washington. There is little prospect, however, of his taking up congressional work for some time. He has regained his flesh and is looking well, but his strength will not permit any extended exertion.

Judge Sanborn of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at St. Paul has granted an application of the Great Northern Railway company restraining strikers disabling any of the engines, cars, or other property of the company or from interfering in any manner with men who desire to continue in the service of the company, or with men who may be employed to take the places of those who quit its services and from interfering with or obstructing in any wise the operation of the railway.

Rains throughout the Central and Western States have broken the drought which had become a serious menace to crops. California alone is suffering from lack of moisture. There fields and vineyards are alike blighted by the continued dry weather. In the Central States, Illinois, Missouri, Ohio, Kansas, and Nebraska abundant rains have been falling during the last ten days, and crop prospects are bright. In fruit sections, however, frost has done much damage, and in places threaten more.

Great loss of life and destruction of property have resulted throughout Greece from the earthquake of Friday. At Thebes about fifty houses fell during one of the shocks. The city is in a state of panic and destitution. In three villages, Malaisia, Proskinos, and Martino, all in the province of Locris, 129 persons were killed. The total number of deaths thus far reported is 100, but there is scarcely any question that this number will be augmented when the more remote villages are heard from.

The Tiffin state dispensary liquor law has been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme court of South Carolina, two justices concurring and one (Till-

manite) member of the Supreme bench dissenting from the opinion. The ground on which the law is declared unconstitutional is that it creates a monopoly for the state. Justice McEvoy's decision declares the law unconstitutional in nearly every respect and especially holds that it cannot be upheld on any vital point. The profit to the state is declared vicious. Gov. Tillman says he is not talking; that it is time only for action.

Police, State, and Federal authorities seem to think the situation at Omaha critical as a result of the intense feeling over Kelly and his industrial army. Sunday morning his 1,800 commonwealers were escorted over the road by the farmers, many of whom came twenty-five miles, with brass bands. It was the strangest spectacle Iowa ever saw. Well in front of the long line of battered humanity rolled the eighteen wagons of provisions, loaded heaping full, and as many more wagons were waiting in front of Neola city hall. They were the substantial evidences of the Iowa farmers' movement to feed and care for Kelly's army until the Mississippi river flows across the line of march.

In a speech on the tariff bill Senator Smith declared he would vote against it if the income tax feature was retained. Meyer's bill for the coinage of the seigniorage and for low interest bonds is said to have been approved by Secretary Carlisle.

Exports of general merchandise in March were \$4,750,000 in excess of imports, and for nine months the excess was over \$223,000,000.

The house commerce committee has submitted a bill to place on waiting orders officers of the revenue cutter service incapacitated for duty.

The Jenkins investigating committee will criticize the judge for issuing an injunction on ex-parte testimony, but impeachment will not be recommended.

The president has sent to the senate a list of 151 army officers nominated for brevet rank as a reward for gallant and distinguished service in Indian campaigns.

Representative Caldwell of Ohio, elected mayor of Cincinnati, will present his resignation from congress so as to take effect May 4, at which time his term as mayor begins.

The rule that absentees must be mulcted \$10 per day will be strictly enforced by the sergeant at arms, who has received imperative instructions to see that it is put into force.

Senator Palmer has introduced a bill for the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on issues of state banks, but it is quite different from any of the repeal bills suggested up to date. After providing for the repeal of this tax, it proceeds to make state bank issues illegal.

Senator Thomas J. Jarvis, who by appointment of Gov. Carr of North Carolina will fill out the unexpired term of the late Senator Vance, is a free-silver coinage democrat of the John T. Morgan caste. He was born in Curriuck county Jan. 19, 1836.

The reports of the prospective defeat of the nomination of Benedict for public printer have stirred up the friends of that gentleman to great activity, and they now believe that they have made such arrangements as will secure his confirmation.

Representative Pence of Colorado, after a visit to Mr. Simpson's residence, denied the report that the condition of the Kansas congressman was hopeless. His condition, he said, was no worse. The dangerous feature of the case, Mr. Pence said, lay in the condition of the patient's kidneys.

The naval stability board has submitted to Secretary Herbert a report of tests of the three great battleships, Indiana, Massachusetts, and Oregon. The result of these tests was entirely satisfactory, and is held to show that these ships are superior to any warships afloat of corresponding size.

Senator Hoar, from the committee on the judiciary, made a favorable report on his bill for the suppression of the lottery traffic. It provides a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment for two years for setting up or drawing a lottery, gift concern, or similar enterprise, or for sending lottery tickets through the mails.

FIGHTING FOR IRON LANDS AT DULUTH. Valuable land near Duluth, Minn., is involved in a hearing commenced before Assistant Attorney General Hall of the interior department in the case of Emil Hartman vs. J. H. Warren and others.

The issues are whether J. H. Warren, the original locator, is entitled to the benefits of a treaty made with the Chippewa Indians in 1884, and whether he can legally sell or dispose of the property. The Bishop Iron company of Duluth claims the land under warrants of location and Hartman contests the claim.

EXTOLS REAR-ADMIRAL BENHAM. Secretary Herbert has written the following letter to Rear-Admiral Benham: "Upon your retirement from active service I desire to express to you the department's appreciation of the ability and good judgment shown by you in guarding American interests while in command of the South Atlantic station. Your prompt and decisive action at Rio Janeiro, Brazil, in giving full protection to United States commerce merits special commendation, and I congratulate you upon such a happy termination of a long and honorable career on the active list of the navy."

WEALTH IN THE WEST. The distribution of wealth in the United States, as shown by the census returns, is very uneven. The largest share, it would seem, remains where there is the smallest population. In the new states and territories in the far west the wealth per capita is very great, and in the south it is very small. Nevada is the richest state in comparison with its population in the United States. If its wealth were divided equally among its inhabitants each man, woman and child would get \$3,341. Montana is a very close second with \$3,429 per capita, and Arizona comes third with \$3,168. Of the eastern states, Rhode Island leads the list, the average per inhabitant being \$1,459; New York being second at \$1,430. The poorest state in the union is South Carolina, where the average is \$348 per capita. The next is Mississippi, where it is \$352, and then comes North Carolina with \$361 and Arkansas with \$403.

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